

## History-Social Science

## **California Preschool Learning Foundations, Volume 3:**

- Overview of strands and subtrands (pp. 1–4)
- Bibliographic notes (pp. 23-38)
- Glossary (p. 39)

History–Social Science: Unit 2, Key Topic 3

http://facultyinitiative.wested.org/

Faculty Initiative Project http://facultyinitiative.wested.org/

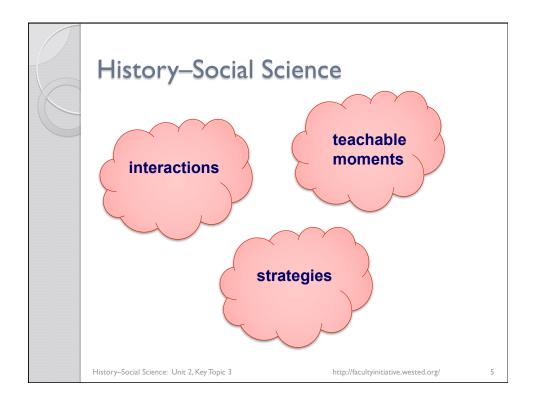
## History-Social Science

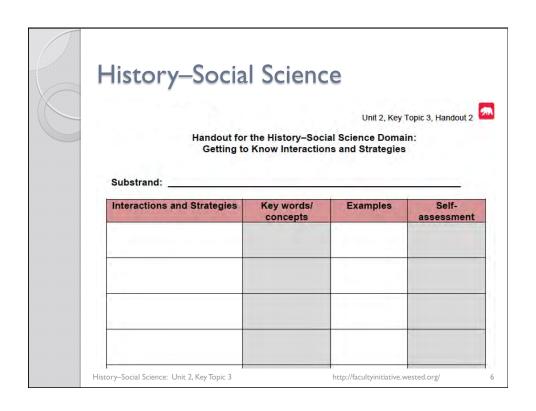
Strands and Substrands
Strand: Self and Society
1.0 Culture and Diversity
2.0 Relationships
3.0 Social Roles and Occupations
Strand: Becoming a Preschool Community Member (Civics)
1.0 Skills for Democratic Participation
2.0 Responsible Conduct
3.0 Fairness and Respect for Other People
4.0 Conflict Resolution
Strand: Sense of Time (History)
1.0 Understanding Past Events
2.0 Anticipating and Planning Future Events
3.0 Personal History
4.0 Historical Changes in People and the World
Strand: Sense of Place (Geography and Ecology)
1.0 Navigating Familiar Locations
2.0 Caring for the Natural World
3.0 Understanding the Physical World Through
Drawings and Maps
Strand: Marketplace (Economics)
1.0 Exchange

History–Social Science: Unit 2, Key Topic 3

http://facultyinitiative.wested.org/

History-Social Science Unit 2, Key Topic 3, Handout 1 Interactions and Strategies that Support History-Social Science Strand: Self and Society Substrand 1.0: Culture Substrand 2.0: Substrand 3.0: Social and Diversity Relationships **Roles and Occupations** Practice a reflective approach Develop quality, nurturing Design the early learning Design the early learning environment to encourage all children's active engagement in each area, regardless of gender, home language, or abilities. to build awareness of self and others. relationships with the children in your program. Maintain a healthy curiosity about the experiences of others. Provide children with play props for exploring occupations and work Model effective relationship skills as you interact with other adults and children. settings. Partner with families in goal environment and daily routine that foster peer interaction. setting and program design. your setting. Prepare an active learning environment that incorporates the full spectrum of the human Teach children positive interaction strategies during large-group meetings. Convey respect for the roles of adults who work at home. Create an environment, both indoors and outdoors, that is inclusive of all children's abilities. Provide all children with Highlight the roles that elders play in family life and in coaching and appropriate prompts as they maneuver through peer relationships. society. History–Social Science: Unit 2, Key Topic 3 http://facultyinitiative.wested.org/







- Which three interactions and strategies stood out from your review of the ones in your assigned substrand or from the class discussion?
- What was intriguing to you about the strategies?

History–Social Science: Unit 2, Key Topic 3

http://facultyinitiative.wested.org/

7

- What were some themes in the interactions and strategies that surfaced from the class discussion? Which themes do you think are applicable to other domains as well as to the history—social science domain?
- What are some new strategies that you would like to try in your teaching to support children's learning in history and the social sciences?

History–Social Science: Unit 2, Key Topic 3

http://facultyinitiative.wested.org/

8

## History-Social Science

- Describe why and how children's books can be used throughout a preschool program to support children's development of history and social science concepts and skills.
- Include an annotated list of 15 children's books—one for each substrand.

History–Social Science: Unit 2, Key Topic 3

http://facultyinitiative.wested.org/

9